Monitoring and prediction of marine coastal environments: the OGS regional operational system for the Northern Adriatic Sea

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1. Context

The **Northern Adriatic Sea** (NAd) is the northernmost part of the Mediterranean Sea.

NAd environmental conditions are characterized by:

- **shallow** bathymetry + extensive **freshwater** inputs
- dense water formation (strong cooling + evaporation in winter)
- ecosystem strongly linked to nutrient loads and eutrophication phenomena
- tourism + marine resources exploitation, depending on and influencing seawater quality
- coastal waters belonging to a cross-border region (Italy, Slovenia, Croatia)

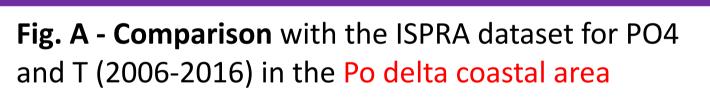
The implementation of a regional operational system for NAd marine environment is a key asset to provide services for different users involved in monitoring, management, and economic activities.

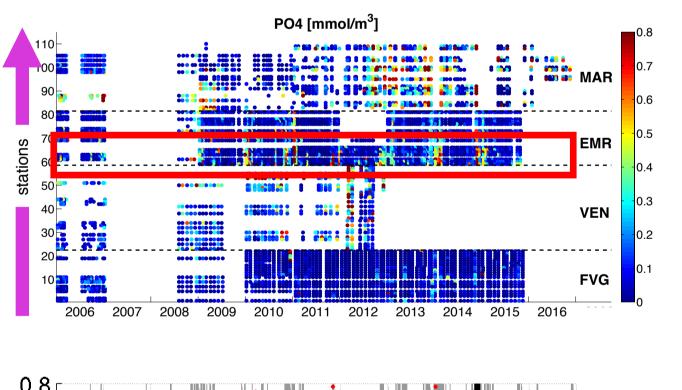
2. Proposed solution and model implementation

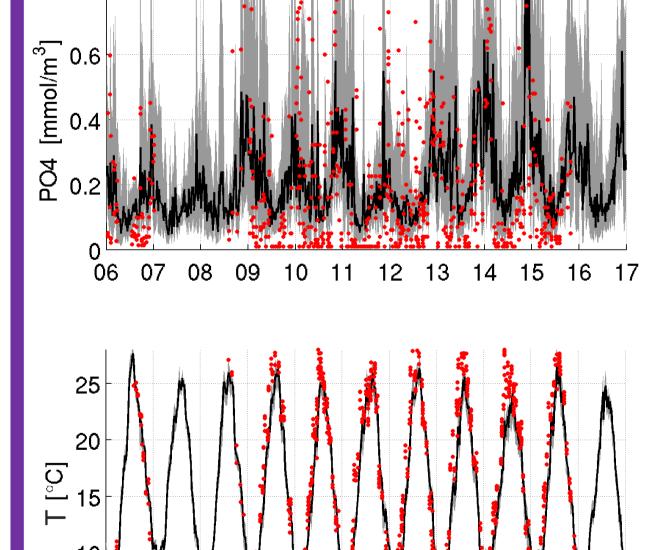
The system features a high-resolution $(1/128^{\circ})$ coupled MITgcm-BFM model initialized and driven by the downscaling of the regional Mediterranean Copernicus Marine Environment Monitoring Service (CMEMS).

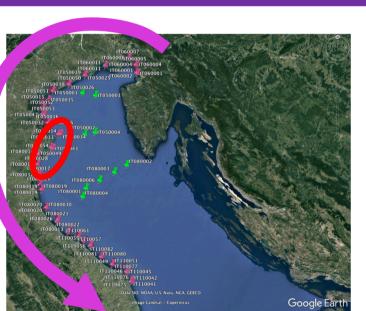
The model adopts a **nudging data assimilation** method integrating **in situ** datasets (nitrate, phosphate) managed by the Italian Institute for Environmental Protection and Research (ISPRA), hydrological and meteorological data, and CMEMS satellite maps of sea surface temperature and chlorophyll.

Adriatic Sea biogeochemical modeling: Cossarini et al., 2015, Ecol. Model. 314, 118–134 Adriatic Sea hydrodynamic modeling: Querin et al., 2016, J. Geophys. Res. Oceans 121 Coupled model: Cossarini et al., 2017, Geosci. Model Dev. 10, 1423–1445

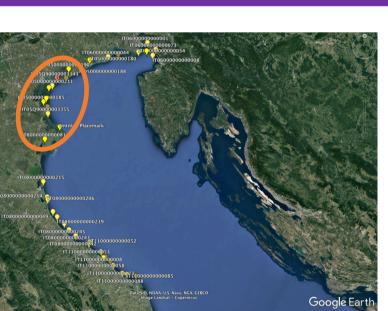






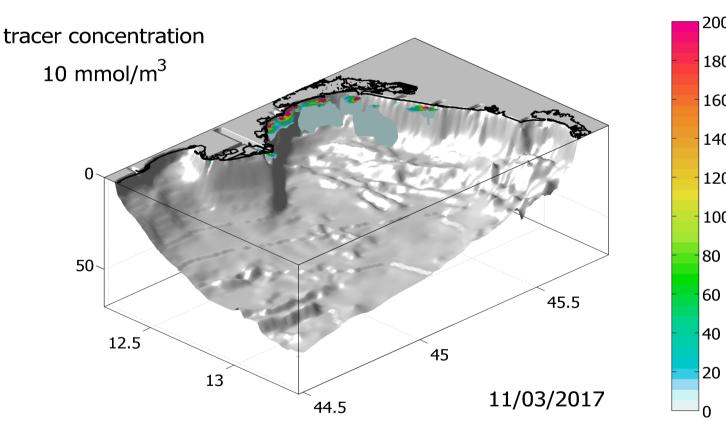


Assimilation and comparison with in situ data (ISPRA stations; Fig. A)



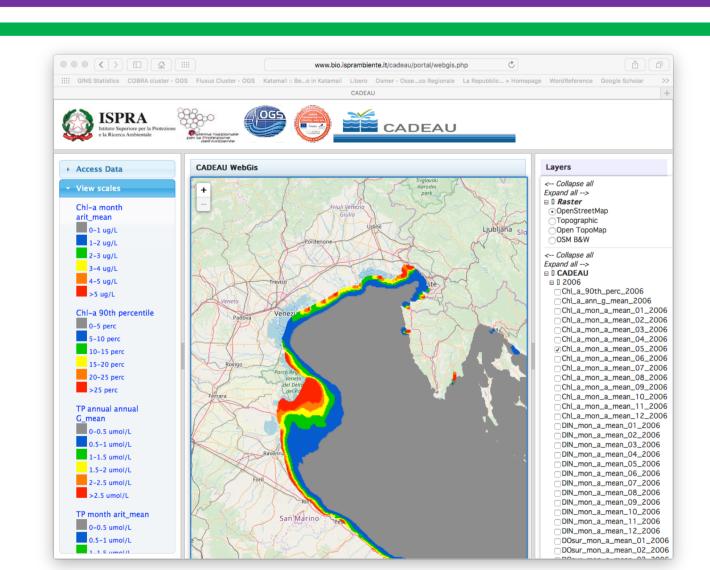
Coastal sewage discharges: bottom sources of nutrients and pollutants (ISPRA dataset; Fig. B)

Fig. B - Bathing waters case study: potential impact on coastal areas of 12 underwater sources of "E. Coli"

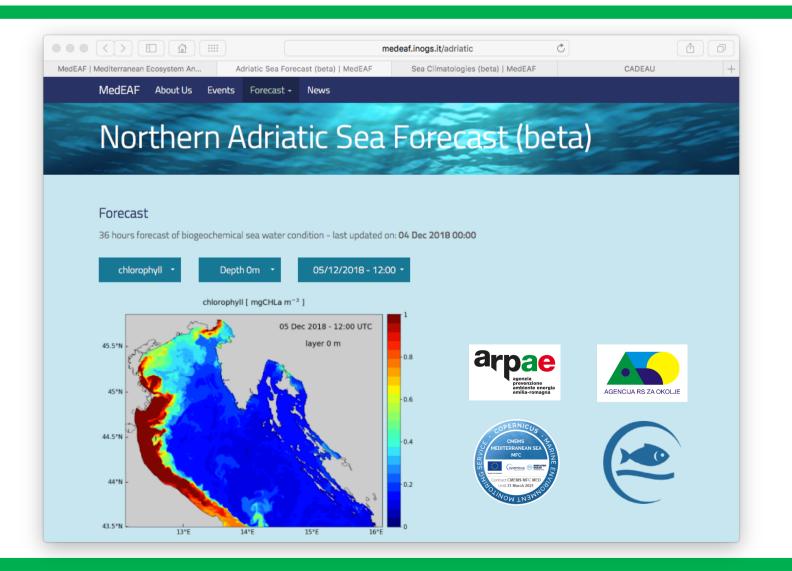


Contaminant evolution based on dispersion/transport first order decay law [Chan et al., 2013]:

 $k(z,t) = (k_b + k_s S(z,t))\theta^{T-20} + k_I I(t)e^{-e_t z}$ z (depth), t (time), k_b =0.8, k_s =0.017, k_I =0.086, e_t =0.5 (higher transparency), θ =1.02



08 09 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17



Next steps in 2019/2020

Foreseen system developments include assimilation of surface current velocity from HF radar data and of biogeochemical coastal data, revised optical component of the BFM model to account coastal water characteristics.

Credits: ISPRA staff for leading the CADEAU project

work generated using E.U. Copernicus Marine Service Information 😢

150 200 250 300 Study area (left) with in situ dataset (blue dots) and model domain and bathymetry (right). The model has an horizontal resolution of $1/128^{\circ}$ (~850 × 600 m), with 27 vertical levels and 19 main freshwater sources (rivers). 15°E hydrodynamic model atmospheric forcing open boundaries BFMcoupler v1.0 & surface forcing

tracers time

integration

 dC_{bio}

depth [m]

wind

pCO₂^{atm} sink

Northern Adriatic Sea

Po River ·····

3. Results

rati

90

transport

model

MITgcm

Model validation (reanalysis 2006-2017)

velocities &

MITgcm

diffusivities

 dC_{trcp}

MITgcm (http://mitgcm.org/)

BFM (http://bfm-community.eu/)

The model reproduces the **seasonal** and **interannual variability** of the main hydrodynamic and biogeochemical properties of NAd, consistently with the national observing system dataset (Fig. A), literature references and available climatologies [Solidoro et al., 2009].

Estimation of eutrophication and water quality

Current products (freely available) include:

- quantitative assessments of the current status of the marine environment
- **short-term forecast** provided as hourly maps of environmental variables (e.g., temperature, nutrients, chlorophyll and oxygen)
- specific products and indexes designed to support the evaluation of the Good Environmental Status in NAd to meet the requirements of **EU Directives** (WFD/BWD/MSFD)

Potential impact of sewage discharges

The model can simulate the dispersion of underwater plumes of pollutants (e.g., Escherichia Coli, Fig. B).

4. Towards the operational system

The system is now working in **pre-operational phase** with the aim to:

- extend the existing service implemented within the Copernicus CADEAU User Uptake demonstration project
- provide detailed and up-to-date information and forecasts of physical and biogeochemical seawater conditions for NAd

results are published on the webpage of the Mediterranean Ecosystem Analysis and Forecast (MedEAF) system (http://medeaf.inogs.it/adriatic)

Summary

We developed a **service** mainly targeted to **policymakers**, **public** authorities and private stakeholders who need reliable and detailed information and tools to develop and comply with specific legislation and policies for environment and civil protection, urban areas management, fishery governance, human health, sustainable development and tourism.